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Magalie Salas, Esq.
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1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222
Washington, DC 20054

HEDEHAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Re[.]

CS Docket No. 98-201; RM No. 9335; RM No. 9345

Satellite Delivery of Network Signals to Unserved Households

for Purposes of the Satellite Home Viewer Act

Comments of the New Mexico Broadcasters Association

Dear Ms. Salas:

Enclosed, on behalf of the New Mexico Broadcasters Association, are the original and 11 copies of its Comments in CS Docket No. 98-201; RM No. 9335; RM No. 9345.

If you have any questions, please contact me.

Very truly yours

Paul J. F**èid**màn

Counsel for

The New Mexico Broadcasters

Association

PJF/jr Enclosures

CC:

Mr. Don Fowler (w/encl.)

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BEFORE THE

Federal Communications Commission

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

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DEC 11 1998

In the Matter of CS Docket No. 98-201
Satellite Delivery of Network Signals to Unserved Households for Purposes of the Satellite Home Viewer Act

Part 73 Definition and Measurement of Signals of Grade B Intensity

Part 73 Definition and Measurement of Signals of Grade B Intensity

COMMENTS OF THE NEW MEXICO BROADCASTERS ASSOCIATION

THE NEW MEXICO BROADCASTERS ASSOCIATION

Frank R. Jazzo Vincent J. Curtis, Jr. Paul J. Feldman Its Counsel

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December 11, 1998

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Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of)
Satellite Delivery of Network Signals to Unserved Households for) CS Docket No. 98-201) RM No. 9335
Purposes of the Satellite Home Viewer Act) RM No. 9345
)
Part 73 Definition and Measurement of Signals of Grade B Intensity)

COMMENTS OF THE NEW MEXICO BROADCASTERS ASSOCIATION

The New Mexico Broadcasters Association ("NMBA"), by their attorneys, hereby file these comments in response to the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, released November 17, 1998 in the above-captioned proceeding ("Notice"). NMBA strongly urges the Commission to reject proposed modifications to the definition of Grade B signal intensity that would impermissibly and irrationally reduce a station's protected Grade B area to a minor fraction of its existing service area, thus substantially impairing the ability of stations to provide free over-the-air <u>local</u> service to their communities, and to <u>low income rural viewers</u> who obtain their <u>only</u> service through the extensive network of translators operated by NMBA stations. Such a result would be contrary not only to Congressional intent, but to long-standing Commission policies, and the public interest.

I. Introduction

Members of NMBA operate full power, network affiliated television stations.¹

Each of these stations have, for many years, provided high quality service to their communities, including important news, weather, public affairs, public service announcements and other programming directed to meet the needs of their communities for local information. Furthermore, in order to provide service to rural low income viewers disbursed throughout the 160,000 square miles of New Mexico, the NMBA affiliate stations operate an extensive network of 298 translators. See Exhibit A, attached hereto.² However, as discussed more fully below, the production costs of producing local programming and maintaining a substantial translator network are high, and the proposals in this proceeding seriously threaten the economic basis for the production and broadcast of local programming.

As members of their communities, the NMBA Stations do not begrudge their neighbors the right to receive network programming by satellite if such viewers <u>truly</u> cannot receive the over-the-air signal of their local affiliates. The NMBA Stations regularly grant waiver requests from viewers who demonstrate that, pursuant to the

NMBA network affiliate stations are as follows: KASY-TV, Albuquerque (UPN); KOAT-TV, Albuquerque (ABC); KOB-TV, Albuquerque (NBC); KRQE(TV), Albuquerque (CBS); KOCT(TV), Carlsbad (ABC); KVIH-TV, Clovis (ABC); KOBF(TV), Farmington (NBC); KHFT(TV), Hobbs (UPN); KZIA(TV), Las Cruces (UPN); KBIM-TV, Roswell (CBS); KOBR(TV), Roswell (NBC); KASA-TV, Sante Fe (FOX); KOVT(TV), Silver City (ABC).

Exhibit A contains a map of the translators operated by Stations KOAT (ABC), KOB (NBC), KRQE (CBS) and KASA (Fox). In addition, Exhibit A contains a list of all of the 298 translators operated by the four above affiliates plus KASY (UPN) in the State of New Mexico. The map does not have 298 dots because it does not reflect KASY translators, and because one dot can reflect multiple translators in one site.

Satellite Home Viewer Act ("SHVA"), they cannot receive a Grade B signal "through use of a conventional outdoor rooftop antenna." However, the proposals of the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative ("NRTC") and EchoStar Communications Corporation ("EchoStar") ask the Commission to make unauthorized revisions to its rules that would not only contradict the Commission's policies on localism, they would so substantially decrease a station's protected service area, as to make a mockery out of the term "unserved household."

II. The Proposed Revisions to the Definition of Grade B Signal Intensity Would Impermissibly and Irrationally Reduce a Station's Protected Area of Exclusivity to a Minor Fraction of its Current Area.

As stated in paragraph 9 of the *Notice*, NRTC asks the Commission to adopt, for the purposes of interpreting SHVA, a new definition of "unserved household" to include those households located outside of a "Grade B " contour in which 100 percent of the population receives over-the-air coverage by a network affiliate 100 percent of the time, using "readily available, affordable receiving equipment." EchoStar urges the Commission to endorse a predictive model under which an "unserved household" would be defined as those outside of an area where 99 percent of households receive a Grade B signal 99 percent of the time with a 99 percent level of confidence. By reducing the "Grade B" contour for purposes of SHVA, the satellite operators hope to substantially reduce the area in which affiliates hold the exclusive rights to deliver network programming, and thus hope to increase the number of "unserved households" to which satellite operators can deliver such programming. However, both the

³ See 17 U.S.C. § 119(d)(10)(A).

redefinition of the Grade B intensity standard for SHVA, and the resulting massive reduction of the area of an affiliate's exclusivity, are patently inconsistent with Congressional intent in the enactment of SHVA.

A. Congress Explicitly Intended to "Freeze" the 1988 Definition of Grade B Signal Intensity for Purposes of SHVA Enforcement.

The *Notice* wisely seeks comments as to whether the Commission even has authority to revise the definition of Grade B signal intensity for purposes of SHVA. The answer appears to be clear, however, that Congress intended to "freeze" the 1988 definition of Grade B signal intensity into the definition of "unserved household". The *House Report* explicitly defines "unserved household" as "a household that with respect to a particular network; (A) cannot receive, through the use of a conventional outdoor antenna, a signal of Grade B intensity (as defined by the FCC *currently* in 47 C.F.R. Section 73.683(a))".⁴ The word "currently" could not be more explicit, and obviously refers to the definition of Grade B as it existed in 1988. While the Commission certainly has the authority to revise Section 73.683(a) of its rules, even if the Commission were to do so, it would be contrary to Congressional intent to apply that revised definition to SHVA enforcement.

B. Congress Did Not Intend the Commission to Alter the Very Limited Relief Provided to Satellite Operators in SHVA.

In its *Notice*, the Commission acknowledges that SHVA constituted a "limited exception" to the exclusive copyright held by television networks and their affiliates to transmit programming to viewers. *Notice* at para. 2. However, EchoStar and NRTC

⁴ H.R. Rep. No. 887, Part 2, 100th Cong., 2d Sess. 26 (1988) (hereinafter, "House Report II") (emphasis added).

are asking the Commission to ignore the limited nature of the relief that Congress intended to provide to satellite operators in SHVA. Congress' intent to limit that relief is first demonstrated by the language of the Act itself, which defines an "unserved household" as one that cannot receive an affiliate's <u>Grade B</u> signal using an <u>outdoor rooftop</u> antenna, instead of a Grade A signal, or a signal measured indoors.

Congressional intent to limit the relief granted to satellite operators is made even more explicit in the legislative history of the Act:

The special statutory copyright for satellite service was created in recognition of the fact that a *small percentage* of television households cannot now receive a clear signal of the three national television networks.⁵

Furthermore, Congress' intent that the impact of SHVA be very limited was based in part on representations by the satellite carriers that the need for relief was very limited, noting that the carriers "all agree that approximately 1 percent or approximately 1 million is the figure" for white area ("unserved") households. Indeed, at that time, the Commission itself reached a similar conclusion on this issue. In Re Inquiry into the Scrambling of Satellite Television Signals and Access to Those Signals by Owners of Home Satellite Dish Antennas, Second Report and Order, 3 FCC Rcd 1202, 1209

⁵ H.R. Rep. No. 887, Part 1, 100th Cong., 2d Sess.(hereinafter "House Report I") at 15 (emphasis added). Indeed, Congress' decision <u>not</u> to modify the definition of unserved household in its 1994 revision of SHVA, further demonstrates Congress' intent that the scope of SHVA be limited.

Satellite Home Viewer Copyright Act: Hearings on H.R. 2848 Before the Subcommittee on Courts, Civil Liberties and the Administration of Justice, 100th Cong., Serial No. 89, at page 289 (Testimony of Brian J. McCauley, President, Netlink USA).

(1988)(stating only "800,000 to 1 million households" are unable to receive the over-theair signal of local network affiliates).

Nevertheless, EchoStar and NRTC now ask the Commission to ignore

Congressional intent, the contemporaneous representations made by satellite operators to Congress, and the Commission's own findings, by redefining the signal intensity level and methodologies for measuring Grade B, in a manner designed to massively increase the area defined as "unserved", and massively increase the number of viewers to whom the satellite operators may deliver network signals. But neither EchoStar nor NRTC have made any showing demonstrating that the facts regarding the ability of viewers to pick up Grade B over-the-air signals has changed since 1988, that would justify ignoring the obvious Congressional intent that SHVA apply to only a very limited number of viewers. Accordingly, the Commission cannot ignore the plain language of the Act, or Congress' express intent, by enacting the NRTC/EchoStar proposals. Such action is unauthorized and will certainly lead to reversal by a federal appellate court.

C. The EchoStar/NRTC Proposal is Extraordinarily Extreme, Reducing the Area of a Station's Exclusivity Rights by Up to 97 Percent, and Reducing the Population Covered by the Station's Rights by Up to 72 Percent.

In light of the fact that the Commission appears to lack the authority to revise the definition of Grade B signal intensity for SHVA, and the fact that Congress obviously intended that SHVA apply only to a very limited number of viewers, the EchoStar/NRTC proposals are extraordinarily extreme: as shown in the coverage maps attached hereto in Exhibit B,⁷ the EchoStar proposal would reduce the size of a station's exclusivity area

Exhibit B contains coverage maps for NMBA Stations KOAT, Albuquerque; KOB-TV, Albuquerque; KRQE, Albuquerque; KOCT, Carlsbad, KVIH,

by <u>up to 97 percent</u>, and reduce the population covered by an affiliate's exclusivity rights by <u>up to 72 percent!</u> Even if the Commission had authority to make modifications to the Grade B definition for the purposes of SHVA (a point which NMBA does not concede), clearly such a modification goes way beyond the level of reasonableness.

The materials in Exhibit B were produced by Techware, Inc. of Chantilly, Virginia. For each station two studies were performed. The first study was conducted to determine the station's service area based on the current Grade B field intensity value, using the Longley-Rice propagation model, and the normal statistical values for Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%) and Confidence (50%). The second study was performed to determine the station's "Grade B" service based on the method proposed by EchoStar, using the statistical values proposed by EchoStar for Location Variability (99%), Time Variability (99%) and Confidence (99%). In addition, each study also includes an evaluation of Grade A field intensity service areas. A summary sheet is provided for each station showing the population and area of service for each of two studies for both Grade B and Grade A service.

In addition to the summary sheet, a graphical representation on a map is provided. Each plot shows the areas of Grade A and Grade B service. Areas where the predicted field intensity is equal to or greater than Grade A are depicted in red.

Clovis; KOBF, Farmington; KBIM, Roswell; KOBR, Roswell; KASA, Santa Fe; and KOVT, Silver City.

Locations where the field is equal to or greater than Grade B and less than Grade A are shown in green.⁸

The results demonstrated in the maps are dramatic and devastating. For example, for Station KOAT, Albuquerque, the EchoStar proposal would reduce the size of the Station's exclusivity area by 97 percent, and reduce the population covered by that station's exclusivity rights by 72 percent. Rule revisions that would produce such extreme results cannot rationally be considered consistent with Congress' intent that the copyright granted to satellite carriers under SHVA be limited to a "small percentage" of viewers.

The locations where the service prediction appears to end prematurely are the points where the evaluation boundary was reached. In order to show that, using the Longley-Rice method, Grade B field values are sometimes predicted beyond the traditional Grade B contour, the boundary of the area of evaluation was at least 25% beyond the predicted Grade B contour that does not use the Longley-Rice method. Indeed, these results demonstrate that many locations <u>outside</u> of a station's <u>predicted</u> Grade B contour are <u>in fact</u> served by that station with an actual Grade B signal. SHVA's requirement that "unserved households" be identified with <u>actual</u> measurements wisely recognizes this fact.

⁹ The figures for the other NMBA network affiliate stations are as follows:

KOB population would be reduced 34.39%, KOB area would be reduced 95.19%; KOBF population would be reduced 45.79%, KOBF area would be reduced 90.55%; KOBR population would be reduced 99.36%, KOBR area would be reduced 88.44%; KOAT population would be reduced 72.08%, KOAT area would be reduced 97.97%; KVIH population would be reduced 39.09%, KVIH area would be reduced 86.07%; KOCT population would be reduced 71.75%, KOCT area would be reduced 84.54%; KOVT population would be reduced 93.42%, KOVT area would be reduced 99.05%; KRQE population would be reduced 53.21%, KRQE area would be reduced 97.31%; KBIM population would be reduced 92.29%, KBIM area would be reduced 86.79%; KASA population would be reduced 34.89%, KASA area would be reduced 95.14%.

III. Reduction of the Area of an Affiliate's Exclusive Rights
Will Result in Significant Lost Revenues for Stations, Which
Will Impact Their Ability to Provide Free Local Over-the-Air Service,
Including Extensive Translator Service For Low Income Rural Viewers.

In enacting SHVA, Congress crafted a delicate balance between enhancing the delivery of network signals to a small number of viewers who cannot receive such signals over-the-air, with the need to preserve localism and the traditional network/affiliate relationship:

"[T]he bill respects the network/affiliate relationship and promotes localism." 10

"This television network-affiliate distribution system involves a unique combination of national and local elements, which has evolved over a period of decades. The network provides the advantages of program acquisition or production and the sale of advertising on a national scale, as well as the special advantages flowing from the fact that its service covers a wide range of programs throughout the day.... But while the network is typically the largest supplier of nationally produced programming for its affiliates, the affiliate also decides which network programs are locally broadcast; produces local news and other programs of special interest to its local audience, and creates an overall program schedule containing network, local and syndicated programming."¹¹

"The Committee believes that this approach will satisfy the public interest in making available network programming in these (typically rural) areas, while also respecting the public interest in protecting the network-affiliate distribution system." 12

House Report (I) at 14.

¹¹ House Report (II) at 20.

¹² *Id.*

"Free local over-the-air television stations continue to play an important role in providing the American people information and entertainment. The Committee is concerned that changes in technology, and accompanying changes in law and regulation, do not undermine the base of free local television service upon which the American people continue to rely."¹³

As shown in the maps attached hereto in Exhibit B, the EchoStar/NRTC proposals would largely eviscerate the area in which network affiliates can claim exclusive rights to exhibit network programming, and will result in loss of viewers for the affiliates, which will significantly impact the ability of affiliate stations to provide <u>free</u>, over-the-air <u>local</u> programming to the community. This would directly contradict Congress' intent in enacting SHVA.

If viewers are watching a satellite feed of network programming, then they will not be watching the affiliate's delivery of that programming. This would be a <u>direct</u> result of satellite delivery of network programming. An <u>indirect</u> loss of viewers due to satellite delivery of network programming results when viewers do not watch the affiliate feed of network programming and thus are not "led-in" to the <u>other local</u> and syndicated programming broadcast by the station, immediately following the network programming, or at other times.

It is no secret that loss of viewers will directly lead to loss of advertising revenues. The Commission itself has recognized, in a similar proceeding, that:

"[d]iversion imposes economic harm on local broadcasters.... A drop of even a single rating point may represent a loss of 1/3 to ½ of a broadcaster's potential audience. Audience

House Report (I) at 26.

diversion translates directly into lost revenue for local broadcasters."14

Diversion of viewers from local affiliates to satellite network feeds will lead to loss of revenues for affiliates for the following reasons:

- -Advertising rates, and purchases, are directly related to station viewership figures. Loss of viewers directly translates into loss of advertising revenues.
- -Many affiliates receive compensation directly from their network for the carriage of network programming. Such compensation is typically related to the affiliate's viewership figures.
- -Financing from banks and other financial institutions to stations is usually based in part on the station's revenue flow. Reduced revenues often lead to less attractive financial terms in loans to stations, which further reduces station revenues.

In sum, loss of exclusivity results in loss of viewers, which results in loss of revenues. The last piece of the equation, however, is that significant loss of revenues will inevitably impair the ability of affiliates to provide <u>free</u>, over-the-air <u>local</u> programming to the community. The reduction in the provision of local service that follows a significant drop in affiliate revenues is not an easy or pleasant decision for stations; but it is a natural and predictable <u>business</u> decision to cut expenses when necessary. The production of local news and public affairs programming requires out-of-pocket expenses for news sets, production facilities, mobile news vehicles, remote

Report and Order on Program Exclusivity, 3 FCC Rcd 5299 (1988) at para. 41.; recon, 4 FCC Rcd 2711 (1989); aff'd sub nom., United Video, Inc. v. FCC, 890 F.2d 1173 (D.C.Cir. 1989).

See, e.g., Dan Trigoboff, News Not Paramount, Broadcasting & Cable, December 7, 1998 at 30 (Noting that UPN affiliate KSTW, Seattle, just discontinued its local news broadcast, in part because of needs to reduce the Station's budget, and the lack of economies of scale from a single-hour news show.).

equipment, and reporters. To make matters worse, the reduction or elimination of local programming is more likely to occur in smaller markets where stations have less revenues than large market stations, and thus have less flexibility to absorb losses.

These small markets typically have less stations providing local programming to start, so that the loss of even one local voice has a greater impact.

Equally significant in the State of New Mexico, would be the impact on the ability of affiliates to maintain and support the extensive network of translators that provides free over-the-air service to <u>rural</u> residents disbursed throughout the 160,000 square miles of New Mexico. Indeed, a large percent of these rural viewers are <u>low income</u>, and for these viewers, who <u>cannot afford cable TV or satellite services</u>, this translator service provides the <u>only video service these viewers can receive</u>. This is an issue of critical importance to rural Western states.

The costs of maintaining this translator network are substantial. As shown in Exhibit A, the ABC, CBS, NBC, Fox and UPN affiliates in the State operate and maintain 298 translator stations throughout the State. One affiliate, KOB-TV, devotes almost 30 percent of its engineering staff resources, and 10 to 15 percent of its overall capital expenditures, to maintaining translators and satellite stations. While the operation of these translator stations serves a commercial purpose for the affiliates, in light of the low density of the population served by the translators, the expenses of

Some of these translator stations are licensed to the NMBA affiliate primary stations, and other translators are licensed to local translator associations, but those translators are maintained by the affiliates, who also provide financial assistance for utility bills, filing fees, the purchase of new equipment, etc.

these operations are among the first to be eliminated when a station's budget must be reduced due to reductions in revenue.

In sum, a substantial loss in an affiliate's area of exclusivity, as proposed by EchoStar and NRTC, will lead directly to loss of revenues, which will significantly impact the ability of affiliates to provide free over-the-air local programming. Such a result is directly contrary to Congressional intent in the enactment of SHVA. Furthermore, as shown below, such a result is directly contrary to the Commission's <u>own</u> policies on localism.

IV. The Impact of the EchoStar/NRTC Proposals Would Be Inconsistent with the Commission's Own Localism Principles.

In paragraph 15 of the *Notice*, the Commission "recognizes" the "important role that local broadcast stations play in their communities", but appears to view this as just one factor to balance against the desire to use SHVA enforcement to "promote competition among multichannel video programming distributors." Comments filed by other parties earlier in this proceeding have noted the inappropriateness of the Commission's attempt to use its limited role in a copyright matter to advance its own telecommunications policies, and the NMBA endorses that critique. But while the Commission further acknowledges, in paragraph 36 of the *Notice*, that "localism is central to [the Commission's] policies governing broadcasting...", the NMBA takes this opportunity to remind the Commission just how central the principle of localism was in shaping the cable TV network non-duplication rules, which cover issues very analogous to those in this proceeding.

When the Commission first instituted rules to give local broadcast stations the right to demand protection against importation of duplicating distant signals by cable TV operators, the Commission made it clear that the primary purpose of such rules was to prevent harm to local stations, noting that its "aim in this regard is not to take any programs away from any CATV subscriber, but to preserve to local stations the credit to which they are entitled - in the eyes of advertisers and the public - for presenting programs for which they had bargained and paid in the competitive market." In a related proceeding at that time, the Commission noted that imported distant signals by cable TV operators "[do] not serve as an outlet for local self expression. It does not present local discussion, the local ministers or educators, the local political candidates, etc."

The basic principles of localism have not changed since that time.

Notwithstanding the growth of national cable programming channels, viewers still look to their local broadcast affiliates for local news and public affairs programming. On the evening of elections, the community looks to their local station to follow the results of local elections. The viewers in Farmington, New Mexico have over-the-air service from a few translators and only one full power television station licensed to their community: KOBF, a satellite of Station KOB, Albuquerque. If satellite importation of a distant affiliate undercuts the ability of Station KOB to provide service to Farmington, what are

First Report and Order on Microwave Relays (Docket Nos. 14895 and 15233), 4 RR 2d 1725, 1761 (1965).

¹⁸ Second Report and Order on CATV Regulation (Docket Nos. 14895, 15233, and 15971) 6 RR 2d. 1717, 1778 (1966).

the local viewers to do? Watch election results from a Chicago station? Will distant affiliates in North Carolina provide New Mexico viewers with information on issues of critical importance to New Mexico residents, a state which leads the nation in DWI arrests, infant mortality rate, and other measures of poverty? Probably not.

Furthermore, local programming from local stations not only <u>informs</u> viewers about social, political and economic matters that directly impact their communities, but helps to <u>build</u> strong communities. Broadcast stations use their facilities to promote <u>local</u> charitable and community service organizations, and sponsor <u>local</u> community service events, such as child vaccination programs, coat drives, etc. Announcements for a blood drive in Albuquerque will <u>not</u> be found on a distant signal originating in Denver.

The NMBA fears that in this proceeding, the Commission will cave in to temporary political pressure, and be seduced by attractive but specious claims about how satellite operators need to import <u>distant</u> signals in order to compete with <u>local</u> cable TV operators, with the result that the Commission makes a decision destructive to the principle and practice of broadcast localism. The Commission has made a notably similar mistake in the past, when it eliminated (in 1980) the syndicated exclusivity rules, in the name of promoting competition in the production and distribution of programing. In reinstituting the syndex rules in 1988, the Commission admitted that it had previously

"failed to analyze the effects on the local television market of denying broadcasters the ability to enter into contracts with enforceable exclusive exhibition rights when they had to compete with cable operators who could enter into such contracts.... The incomplete 1980 analysis led the

Commission to mischaracterize the role that exclusivity plays in the functioning of the local television market."¹⁹

The Commission should not feel compelled to repeat essentially the very same mistake.

V. Conclusion

SHVA froze the definition of Grade B signal intensity, for SHVA enforcement purposes, to the standards then in existence in 1988. However, even if the Commission did have the authority to modify those standards for SHVA purposes, any significant modification would reduce the viewers of network affiliate stations, reducing the revenues of those stations, and inevitably forcing those stations to reduce the provision of free over-the-air <u>local</u> programming. Such a result would be contrary to Congress' intent in enacting SHVA, and contrary to the Commission's own principles of localism. The Commission must reject, as unreasonable and beyond its authority, proposals to modify the Congressionally mandated definition of "unserved household".

Respectfully submitted.

Vincent J. Ourtis, Jr.

Frank R. Jazzo

Paul J. Feldman

Counsel for The New Mexico
Broadcasters Association

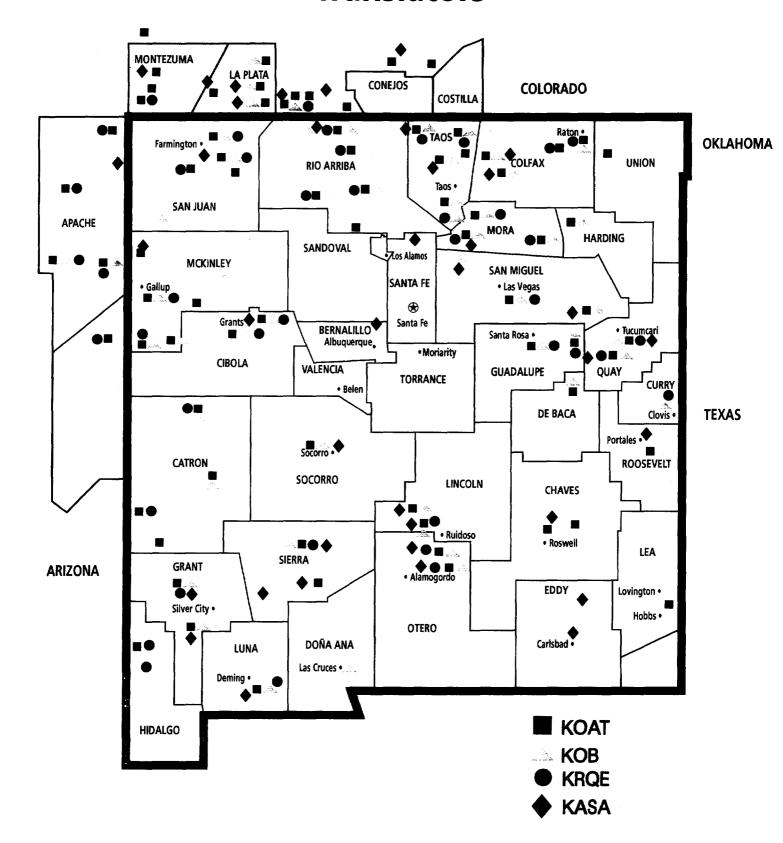
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December 11, 1998

Report and Order on Program Exclusivity, supra note 10, 3 FCC Rcd 5299 at para. 23 (emphasis in original).

Exhibit A New Mexico Network Affiliate Translators

Translators



New Mexico Broadcasters - Translator Carriage

Site Location .

Primary

Translator

A	hia	uin	NM
			- 141-

KOAT	Abiquiu Valley TV Assoc K1	
KOB	Abiquiu Rural	K09LY
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K06ME

Alamogordo NM

	KASA-TV,Inc (formerly Journal Broadcasting, Former	
KASA	KGSW)	K53BM
KASY	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K65CG
KBIM	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K59AB
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K34CR
KOBR	Alamogordo Evening Lions Club	569AC

Alamosa CO

KASA	San Luis Valley TV	K61AZ
KOAT	San Luis Valley TV	K65AS
KOB	San Luis Valley TV	KGJAM
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K67AK

Albuquerque NM

(Santa Fe) (Santa Fe)

KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	ntsc 2		
KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.		dtv	27
KASY	RayMar Broadcasting	ntsc 50		
KASY	RayMar Broadcasting		dtv	51
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	ntsc 7		
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company		dtv	21
KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	mesc 4		
KOB	KOB-TV, Inc		ं ^{हे} १. पू	26
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	ntsc 13		
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.		dtv	16

Allison, CO

KOAT	Allison TV Assn.	K02HM
KOB	Allison TV Assn.	KHBA
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K09GH

Alma NM

KOAT	Glenwood TV Club	K02DE
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K05JB

<u>Amalia</u>

KOAT	Amalia TV Translator Assoc	K10JL
KOB	Amalia TV Translator Club	K08M1
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K12KB

<u>Artesia</u>

KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K40ET

ite Location .	Primary		Translator
pache Springs NM	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	WPNB264
			*
<u>ztec</u>			
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K10CG
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K08FR
ayfield, CO			
gnacio CO)	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	K63BN
,	KOAT	Pine River TV Association	K67CN
	KOBF	Pine River TV Association	K65C1
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K08ET
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K42DI
Noak Taka			
lack Lake	КОВ	KOB-TV,Inc.	KOSJO
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K08LA
<u>lanco</u> loomfield	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Huerfano Mesa)	K62CR
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K09JJ
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc. (Huerfano Mesa)	8.5753
	KOB	San Juan Non-Profit TV	K071Y
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K11J0
uena Vista			
	KOAT	Buena Vista TV Translator Group	K12LQ
	KOB	Buena Vista TV Translator Group	KIOLE
aballo Mtn			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K31DR
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K49CZ
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K67BG
apulin	KOAT	Sierra Grande TV Cooporative (Des Moines)	K62AR
apitan	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Ruidoso)	K58AH
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc (Ruidoso)	K55AC

Carlsbad NM		·	
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K31BX
	KOB	KOB-TV Inc	K37WI

Site Location .	Primary		Translator
<u>Carrizozo NM</u>			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	WPNM872
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K43BT
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	KAICH
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. (Mescalero)	K110D
(Chupadera Mesa)	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K57CF
Cebolla NM	KOAT	Cebolla TV Booster Association	K61FA
	KOB	Cebolla TV Booster Association	K56UA
Cedar Canyon NM	КОВ	KOB-TV, Inc	K67BD
	<u> </u>		
<u>Chama NM</u> Tierra Amarilla)	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Tierra Amarilla)	K60DD
Brazos)	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	[(09](.)
D1 02U3)	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K44DD
	THICK	Trow Produce Droadcasting inc.	1377 <i>DD</i>
Chinle, AZ	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K10IN
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc.	Kesho
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K13VW
Chromo, CO			
	KOAT	Chromo TV Assn.	K02EA
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K12HS
cliff			
	KOAT	Cliff-Gila TV Club	K09IG
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K07AS
	KOB	TV Assoc	KooiG
~			
Clovis	КОВ	Clovis Evening Lions Club	K35AM
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K49BY
colfax	<u> </u>		
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc (Green Mt)	K40DI
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Green Mt)	K66AE
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc (Eagle Nest)	K57AB
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K69AE
Columbine Park	KOAT	Molybdenum Corp.	K11GU
Conchas			
	KASA	Conchas Dam TV Assn.	K16DN
	KOB	Conchas Dam TV Assn.	K09IA
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K06JB
	KOAT	Conchas Dam TV Assn	K11.ID

Conchas Dam TV Assn.

KOAT

K11JD

Site Location .
Cortez CO

Primary

Translator

COITEZ CO			
	KASA	SW County Translator Association	K51DB
	KOAT	Montezuma/Dolores County	K09DM
	KOB	SW County Translator Association	7.111.79
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	K53DR
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K06JF
	KRQE	SW County Translator Association	K07UY
_	KRQE	SW County Translator Association	K33AE
Coyote			
Creede	KOAT	Coyote TV Translator Co.	K11NY
Crownpoint NM	KOAT	Creede TV Assn	K11LR
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K65FJ
	KOBF	KOB-TV, Inc	(63E)
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K67FP
Del Norte	IIIQE	New Mickey Broadcasting inc.	Ro/FI
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	K06KB
	KOAT	Parker Hill TV Assn.	K13CB
	КОВ	KOB-TV, Inc	M97KB
Deming NM			
Dening 14141	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K60EH
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K51DS
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	K68DX
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K57AW
Des Moines NM			
	KOAT	Sierra Grande TV Cooporative (Capulin)	K62AR
Dolores, CO			
	KASA	Montezuma/Dolores County	K04NK
	KOAT	Montezuma/Dolores County	K04NK
Dora NM			
	KBIM	New Mexico Broadcasting	K69CQ
Dove Creek, CO			
	KOAT	Montezuma Delores County	K05EW
	KOB	Montezuma Delores County	KARMF

Site Location ,	adcasters - Ti Primary	•	Translator
Dulce NM	,		
	KASA	Navajo Translator	36STA
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K28ER
	KOBF	KOB-TV, Inc	KJUEK
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K26ET
Ourango CO			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	К39АН
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K45DH
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	K72AN
	KOBF	KOB-TV, Inc	K66BN
	KREZ	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K68AZ
yke, CO			
	KOB	TV Assoc.	A SMIT
agle Nest Baldy NM			
aldy)	KASA	Eagle Nest TV Association	K53ET
	KOAT	Eagle Nest TV Association	K09AK
	КОВ	Eagle Nest TV Association	FG48AX
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K35BZ
agle Tail NM			
agic tan 14141	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K40DI
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Raton)	K16CH
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc (Raton)	K26DX
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K52DL
132			
l Morro	KOAT	Ramah TV Assoc.	K09KB
spanola .	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	K39EJ
arley, NM			
	KOB	Farley TV Club	K11G1.
	<u> </u>		
armington NM			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K55DW
	KASY	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K23BT
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K19CM
	KOBF	KOB-TV,Inc	12
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K21AX

Forest NM

KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K52CR
KOB	Clovis Evening Lion's Club	K61AF

New Mexico Broad Site Location , Fort Summer	dcasters - To Primary	ranslator Carriage	Translator
TOIT Summer	KOAT	Fort Sumner Chamber of Commerce	K13IL
Gallina NM			
Janua 14141	KNME	Gallina Translator Association	K63BU
	KOAT	Gallina Translator Association	K65CF
	KOB	Gallina Translator Association	101110
	KRQE	Gallina Translator Association	K67CE
allup NM			
WIII 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K08LJ
	KOAT	City of Gallup	K67BP
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	KóSBiI
	KOBF	KOB-TV,Inc (Tohatchi)	X061S
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K69BW
			K10IR
anado, AZ			
anauu, AZ	KOAT	Ganado Community TV	K09IO
	KOB	Ganado Community TV	KOOWN
	KOB	Ganado Community TV	展的7 P核
rants NM			
Tants 14141	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K20FB
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K11EV
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	KOGCU
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K09EP
reasewood, AZ			
reasewood, AZ	KOAT	Greasewood Community Club	K12IO
non Manual Su BIBS	-		
reen Mountain NM	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc (Colfax)	K40DI
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Colfax)	K66AE
	КОВ	KOB-TV,Inc (Colfax)	K57AS
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K38EC
uadalupita			
	KOB	Guadaluipta Television Association	KO9LQ
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc	K11NV
atch see Caballo			
<u>lermosa</u>			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	WPND871
<u>lillsboro</u>			

Hillsboro TV Assoc New Mexico Broadcasting Inc K08LP K11HB

KOAT KRQE

•		ranslator Carriage	
Site Location	Primary		Translator
Hobbs NM	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	WPNM834
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K12NH
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K58EJ
Horse Springs NM			
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K66EE
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	KGEG .
- 4 34 354			
<u> Huerfano Mesa NM</u>	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Blanco)	K62CR
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc (Blanco)	Nozek Nozek
	КОВ	KOB-TV,Inc	К70СТ
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K83AT
		Trew Medical Browning Medical	
Jack's Peak NM			
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K61CN
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	K59CM
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K63DU
Keyente, AZ			
into y Critica, 1122	KOAT	Kayenta TV Assn.	K06GN
Klegetoh AZ			
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc (Navajo Compressor)	R6801
Las Cruces, NM	КОВ	KOD TVI	142191
	KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	2. 東京東西選升國
Las Vegas NM			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	WMQ214
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K09AI
	КОВ	KOB-TV,Inc	KOGED
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K43FI
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K11AL
ordsburg NM	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	WPND871
	KOB	KASA-1 v, Inc. KOB-Tv,Inc	K27FN
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K29DP
		And Andrew Division III	
ovington NM			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc	WPNM833

INODI	10D-1 v,me	TKO 2131
KREZ	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K67AF

Maso	<u>nic</u>	<u>Par</u>	k,	CO	

KOAT	South Fork TV Assn.	K02EX

New Mexico Broadcasters - Translator Carriage Site Location , **Primary Translator** Maxwell NM KOB KOB-TV,Inc K10BQ K06DB KRQE New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. **Mescalero** KASA-TV, Inc. K44EI **KASA** K08IX KOAT Apache Tribe of Mescalero **KOAT** Apache Tribe of Mescalero K10KJ KOB Apache Tribe KOSEV **KRQE** New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. K12KU Montoya/Newkirk KASA-TV, Inc. K22EU **KASA KOAT Pulizter Broadcasting Company** K57BR KOB KOB-TV, Inc USSCV **Mora** KASA KASA-TV, Inc. K06HX **KRQE** New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. K22EW **KOAT** Pulizter Broadcasting Company K11IK **KOB** Mora TV Assoc. KODDZ **KOB** Mora TV Assoc. K.15Ft

Mud Canyon

<u>Navajo</u>

KOAT	Navajo Tribe	K07GR
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K13GX

New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.

K130X

Navajo Compressor Station AZ

KRQE

KOAT	El Paso Natural Gas	K64AY
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc (Klegetoh, Az)	KSSBL
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K66BH

Pagosa Springs CO

KASA	KASA-TV,Inc	WPND869
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K10GO
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K58CJ
KOB	Pagosa Springs TV Assoc.	KUSGM
KOB	Pagosa Springs TV Assoc.	K54DH
KOB	Pagosa Springs TV Assoc.	K09JV
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K04NS
KROE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc	K56DO

(Putt Hill)

KOAT	Penasco Social Action Committee	K11IZ
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K09IU
KOB	Penasco Social Action Committee	K06FT

Site Location Portales NM	Primary		Translator
rortales INM	KASA	KASA-TV,Inc	K64FB
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K62EX
<u>)uemado</u>	<u> </u>		
	L KOAT	Occurs do TSV Asses	K11JT
	KOAT KOB	Quemado TV Assn Quemado TV Assn	Kushi
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K06KP
<u>Questa</u>	KOAT	Mal To	VZ44CVI
	KOAT KOB	Molycorp, Inc	K11GU
Ramah	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	STANKALE.
Kaman	KOAT	Ramah TV Assoc.	K07JQ
	KOB	Ramah Navajo School	KIIJF
Raton			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc (Green Mt.)	K40DI
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Eagle Tail)	K16CH
).J Dime	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc. (Eagle Tail)	726DX
Red River	KOAT	Community TV Association Cooperative	K12OC
	KOB	Community TV Associ	KOGFZ
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K08ES
Rico			
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K09KL
Roswell NM			
NOSWEII INIVI	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K56CZ
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K13RK
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K62AL
	KOBR	KOB-TV,Inc	
Roy NM			
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K09AW
	KOB	Roy TV, Club	K06EM
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K11AW
Ruidoso NM (Buck Mnt.)			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K55AC
	KBIM	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K16BZ
	KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Capitan)	K58AH
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	K53BN
	KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	K64AS
Sanders, AZ			
PARTICIS, INC.	KOAT	Puerco Valley TV Assn	K110Z
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K13KT
San Luis and Rural			
	KOAT	Costilla County TV Booster Assn	K11GW
	KOB	Castilla County Commission	K06BE

San Mateo

KOB TV Assoc K09VG
KRQE New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. K06MG
Page 9

New Mexico Broadcasters - Translator Carriage

Site Location .
Santa Rosa NM

Primary

Translator

KOAT	Santa Rosa Chamber of Commerce	K64DV
КОВ	Santa Rosa Chamber of Commerce	KJ6D)
KOB	Santa Rosa Chamber of Commerce	ROOKC
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K62CU

Romeo CO see Alamosa CO

Shir	prock	AZ

KOAT	Shiprock Non-Profit TV Assoc	K11CF

Silver City NM

KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	in Eli
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K45EC

Socorro NM

KOB	KOB-TV, Inc	THE NECT

Sunetha CO

KOAT	Pagosa Springs TV Assn.	K80AV
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K66AV

Taos

KOAT	Taos Community TV Inc	K33BN
KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K08KX
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	K/06L0
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K09EQ

Thoreau NM

KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company	K57AL	
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	KISBP	
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K59BH	

Tierra Amarilla

KOAT	Pulizter Broadcasting Company (Chama)	K60DD

Tohachi NM

KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K18CX K64BM	
KOAT	El Paso Natural Gas		
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc (Gallup)	E0615	
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K66AN	
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K68BX	
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K47DI	

Towaoc

KOAT	Ute Mountain Ute Tribe	K02BH

Truth or Consequences NM

KASA	City of Truth or Consequences	K27BN	
KOAT	City of Truth or Consequences	K64CG	
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	%31BQ	
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K54CC	

ite Location .	Primary		Translato
ucumcari NM			
	KASA	KASA-TV, Inc.	K48EH
	KOAT	UHF TV Assoc	K42CR
-	KOB	UHF TV Assoc	K67AI
	KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K44CJ
pper Piedra, CO			
	KOAT	Upper Piedra TV Assn.	K02HX
te Park	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	KOAT	Ute Park TV Assn	K02EH
allecito Reservior			
	KOAT	Lake TV Assn	K02ET
	77.070		
	KOB	Lake TV Assn	Kigab
'ermejo Park			
<u>'ermejo Park</u>	KOAT	Vermejo Park Corp	K11JB
<u>ermejo Park</u>			
	KOAT	Vermejo Park Corp	K11JB
	KOAT	Vermejo Park Corp	K11JB
ermejo Park Vagon Mound NM	KOAT KRQE	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc	K11JB K09IY
	KOAT KRQE KOAT	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc Wagon Mound TV Club	K11JB K09IY K11MD
	KOAT KOAT KOAT KOB	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc Wagon Mound TV Club Wagon Mount TV Club	K11JB K09IY K11MD K09CR
	KOAT KOAT KOAT KOB	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc Wagon Mound TV Club Wagon Mount TV Club New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K11JB K09IY K11MD K09CR
Vagon Mound NM	KOAT KOAT KOB KRQE	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc Wagon Mound TV Club Wagon Mount TV Club New Mexico Broadcasting Inc. Navajo Tribal Council	K11JB K09IY K11MD K09CR K06BN
agon Mound NM	KOAT KRQE KOAT KOB KRQE	Vermejo Park Corp New Mexico Broadcasting Inc Wagon Mound TV Club Wagon Mount TV Club New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K11JB K09IY K11MD K09CR K06BN

Zuni

KOAT	Zuni Communications Authority	K09FR
KOB	KOB-TV,Inc	K16DL
KRQE	New Mexico Broadcasting Inc.	K02EY

298 Total Translators in Albuquerque/Santa FE DMA

(Carrying signals from DMA or adjacent DMA Stations) (Does not account for all Translator Relays)

Exhibit B Service Analysis for SHVA Proceeding

KOAT Channel 7 Albuquerque, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/5	0/50) (Grade B)	F(50/5	60/50) (Grade A)
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	764,256	49,040	716,413	34,890
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	213,323	994	166	54

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability(50%), Confidence (50%)

F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

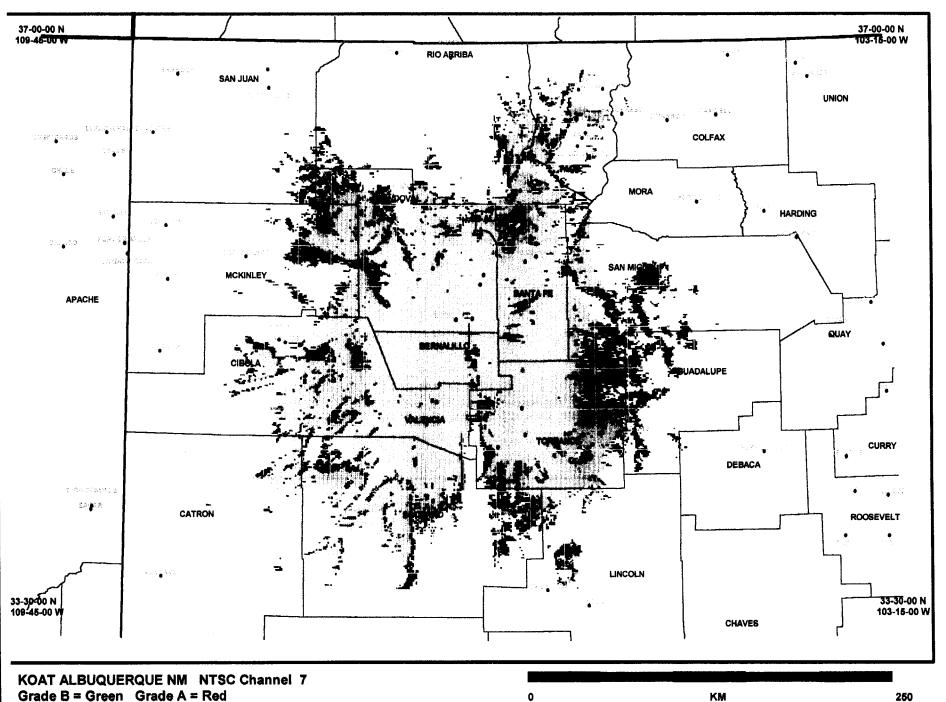
Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

Prepared by:

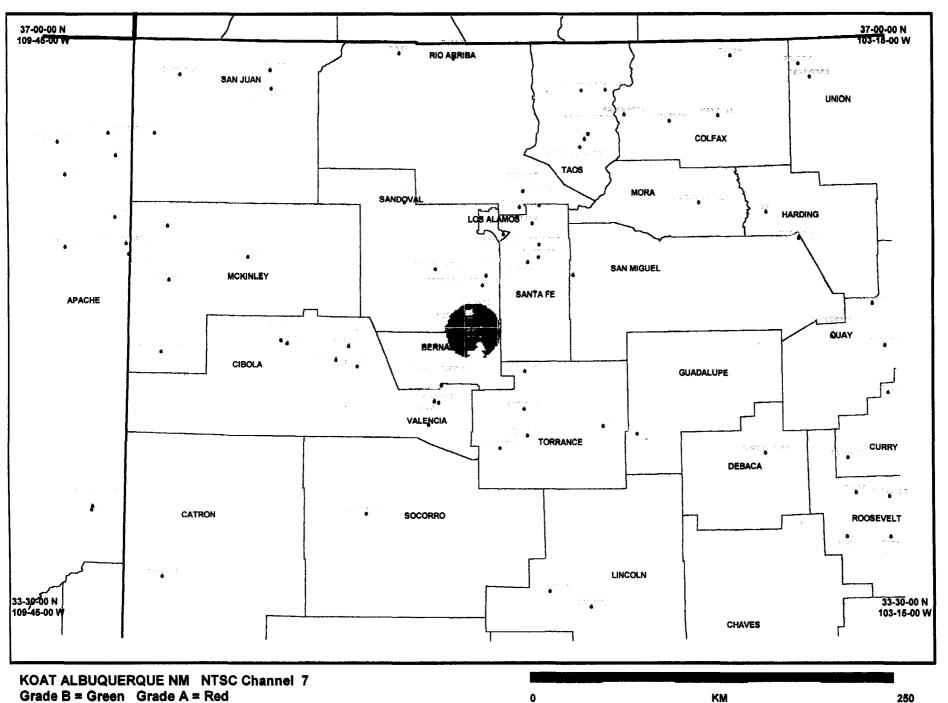
TechWare, Inc.

Suite 206

14101 Parke Long Court Chantilly, VA 20151 703-222-5842



Grade B = Green Grade A = Red
Longley-Rice Analysis
L = 50%, T = 50%, C = 50%
Prepared for New Mexico Broadcasters
Prepared by TechWare, Inc. Chantilly, VA 703-222-5842



Grade B = Green Grade A = Red
Longley-Rice Analysis
L = 99%, T = 99%, C = 99%
Prepared for New Mexico Broadcasters
Prepared by TechWare, Inc. Chantilly, VA 703-222-5842

KOB Channel 4 Albuquerque, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE F(50/50/50) (Grade B) F(50/50/50) (Grade A) Area (Square km) Population Population Area (Square km) 805,374 75,537 Limited by Terrain 731,281 36,311 F(99/99/99) (Grade B) F(99/99/99) (Grade A) Population Area (Square km) Population Area (Square km) Limited by Terrain 528,345 3,629 570 58

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%), Confidence (50%)

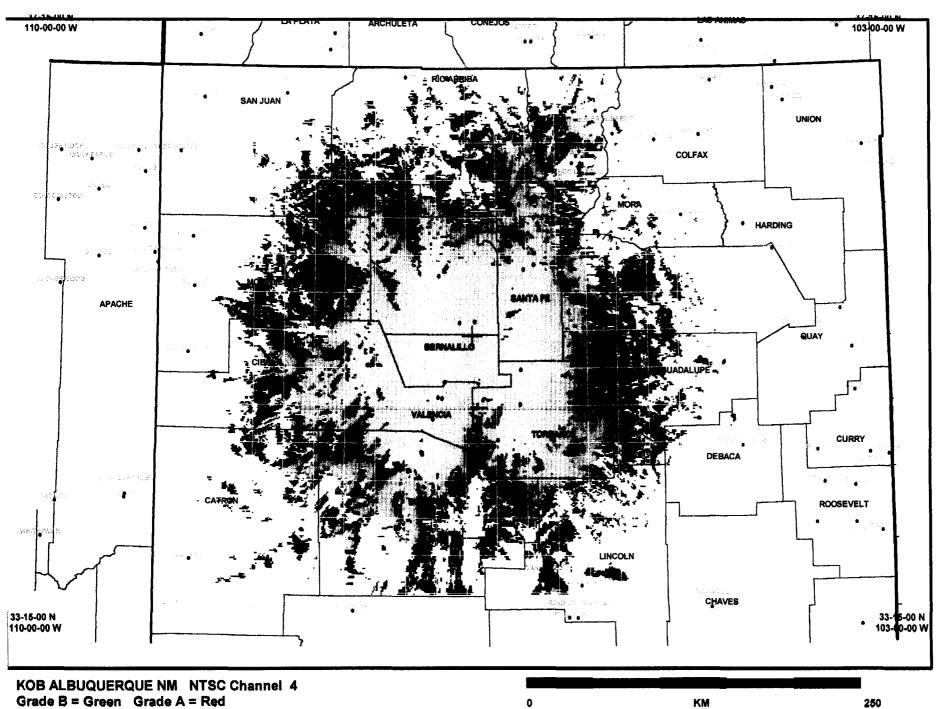
F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

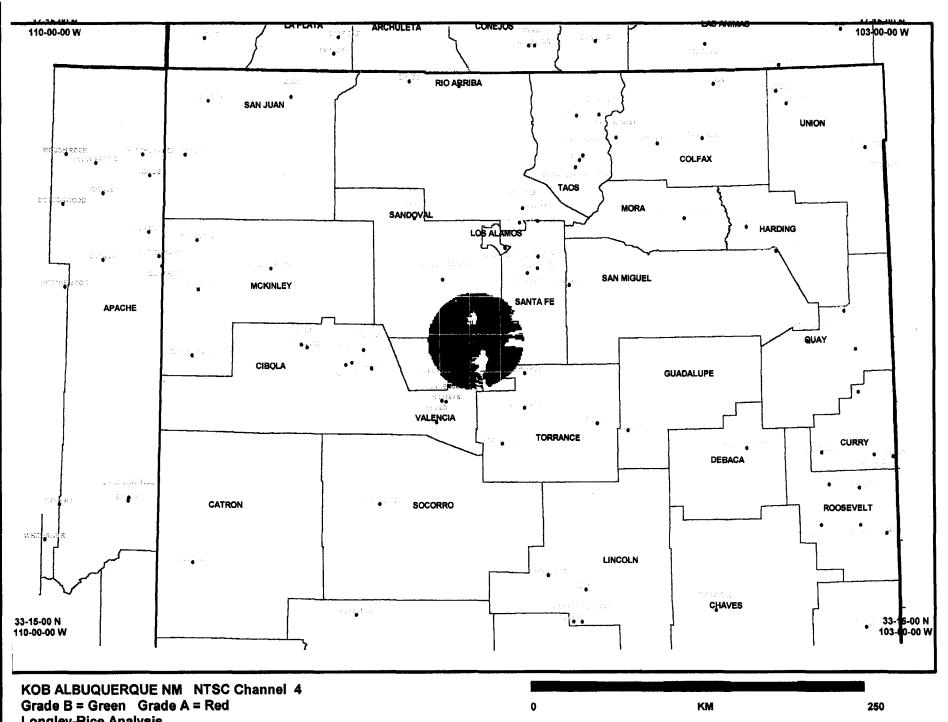
Prepared by:

TechWare, Inc.

Suite 206



250



KRQE Channel 13 Albuquerque, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE F(50/50/50) (Grade B) F(50/50/50) (Grade A) Population Area (Square km) Population Area (Square km) Limited by Terrain 760,893 49.541 714,578 35,183 F(99/99/99) (Grade B) F(99/99/99) (Grade A) Population Area (Square km) Population Area (Square km) Limited by Terrain 355,952 1,328 558 61

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%), Confidence (50%)

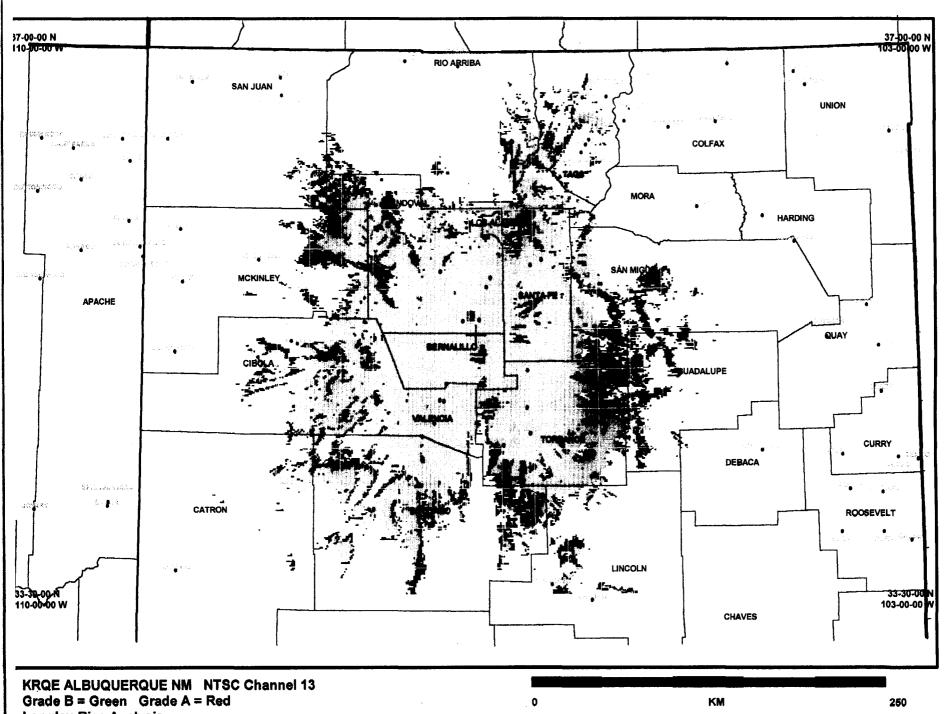
F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability (99%), Confidence (99%)

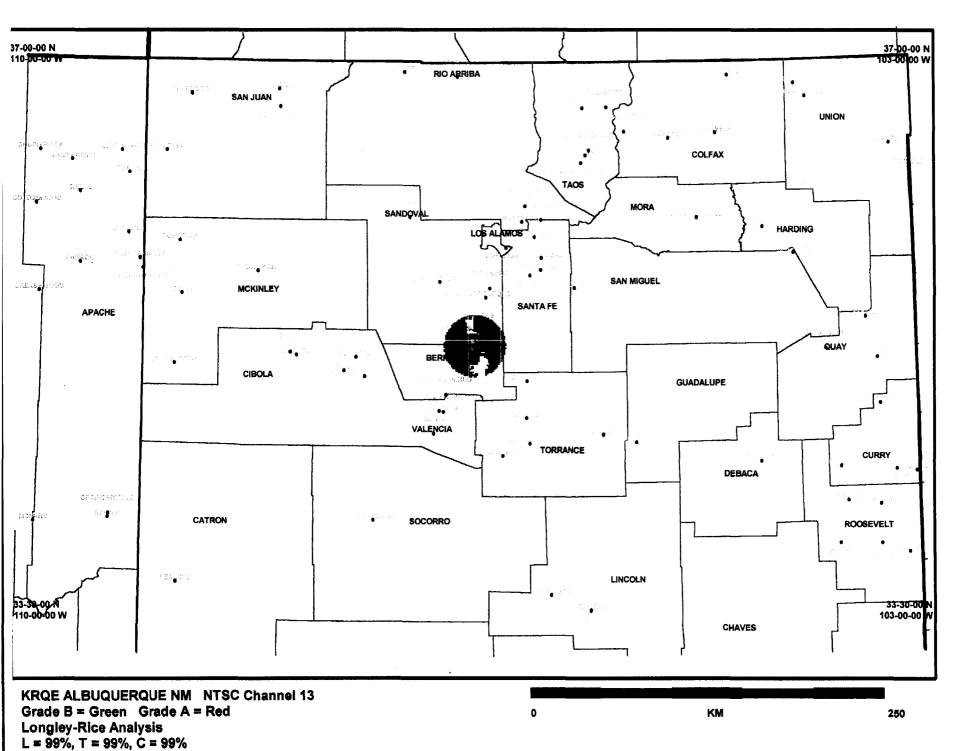
Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

Prepared by:

TechWare, Inc.

Suite 206





Prepared for New Mexico Broadcasters
Prepared by TechWare, Inc. Chantilly, VA 703-222-5842

KOCT Channel 6 Carlsbad, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	153,461	45,552	90,034	22,686
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	43,342	7,041	109	572

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%), Confidence (50%)

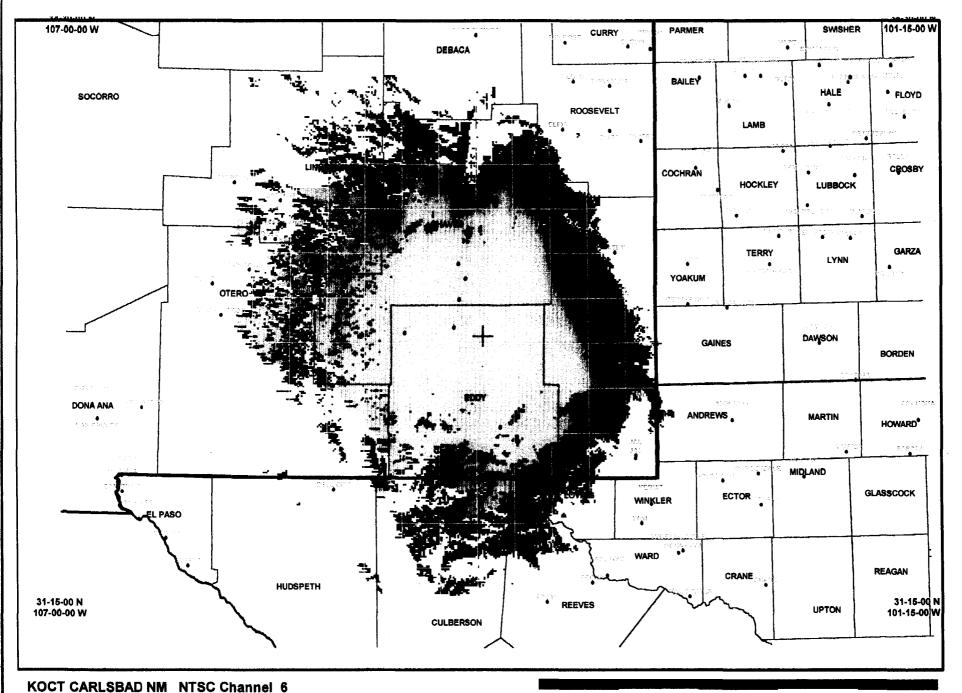
F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

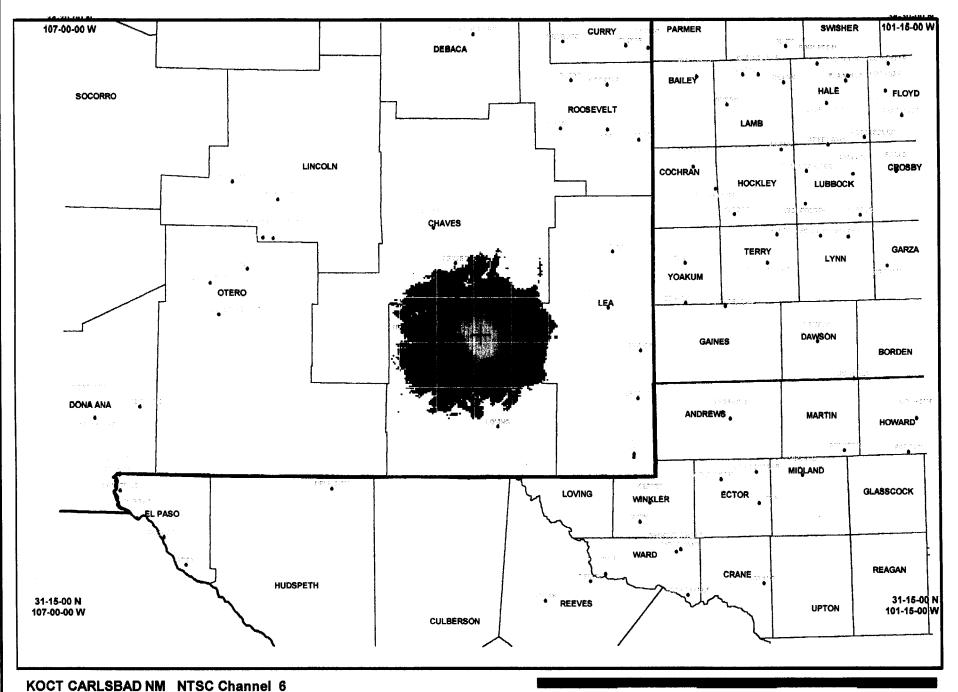
Prepared by:

TechWare, Inc.

Suite 206



250



250

KVIH Channel 12 Clovis, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/5	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)	
Limited by Terrain	85,433	20,295	70,375	11,700	
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)		
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)	
Limited by Terrain	52,029	2,827	14,198	533	

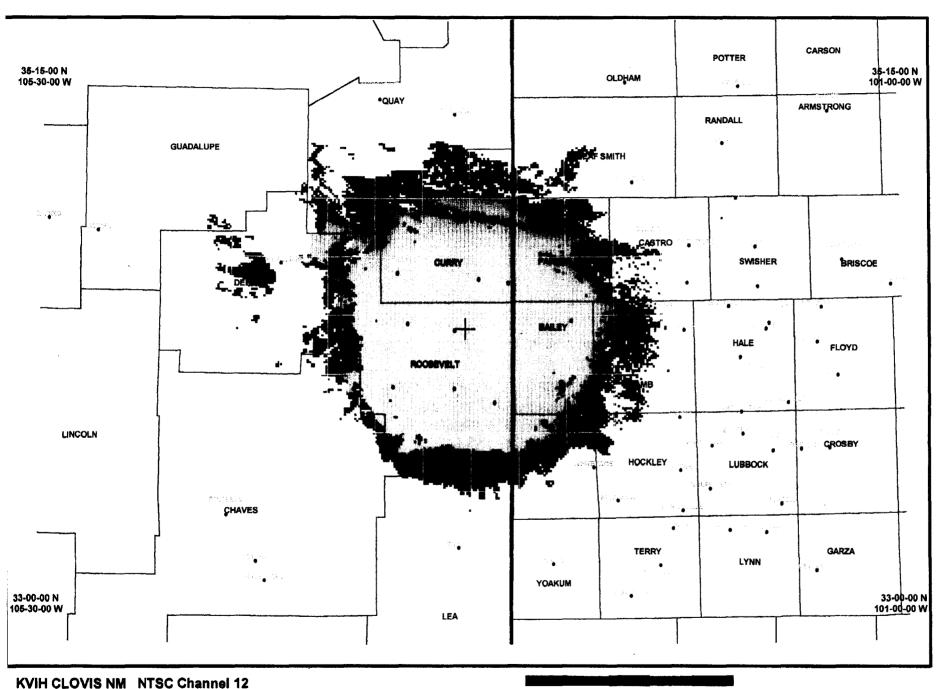
F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability(50%), Confidence (50%)

F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

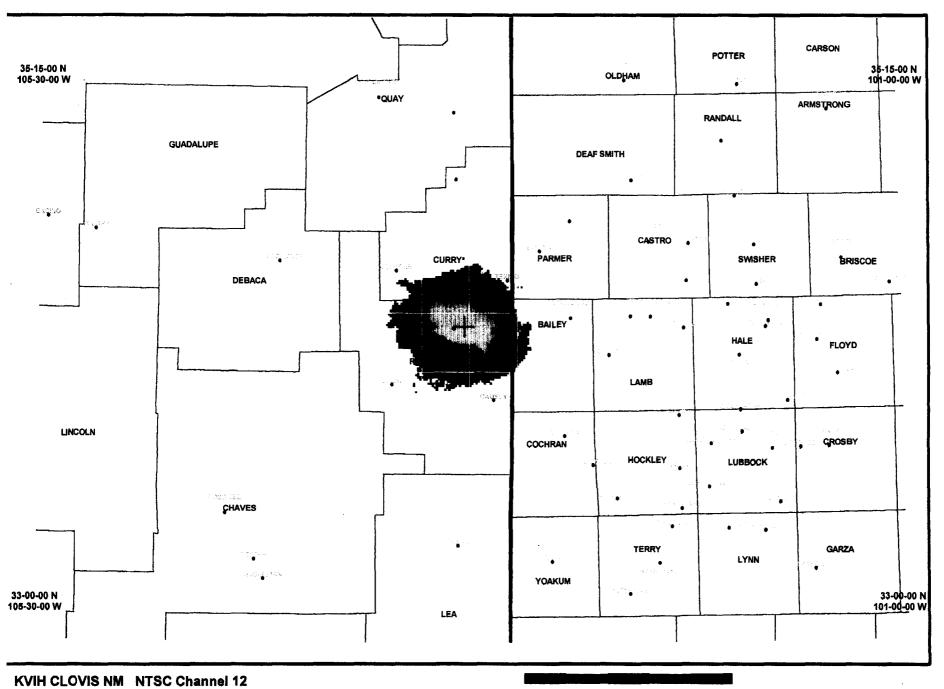
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KOBF Channel 12 Farmington, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	105,014	20,786	90,354	12,241
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	56,928	1,963	30,759	180

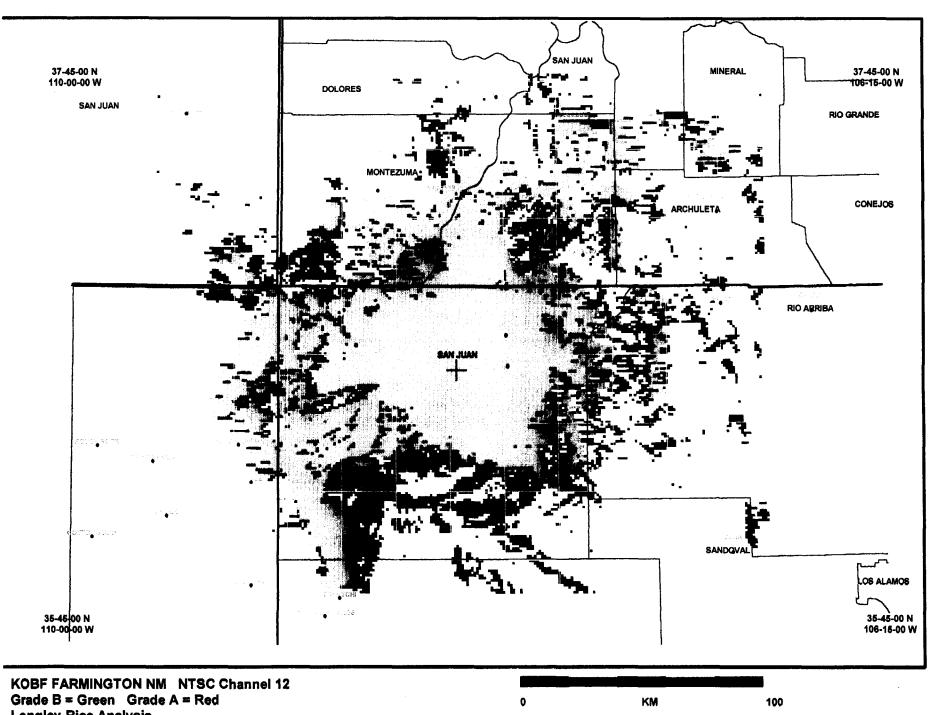
F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%), Confidence (50%)

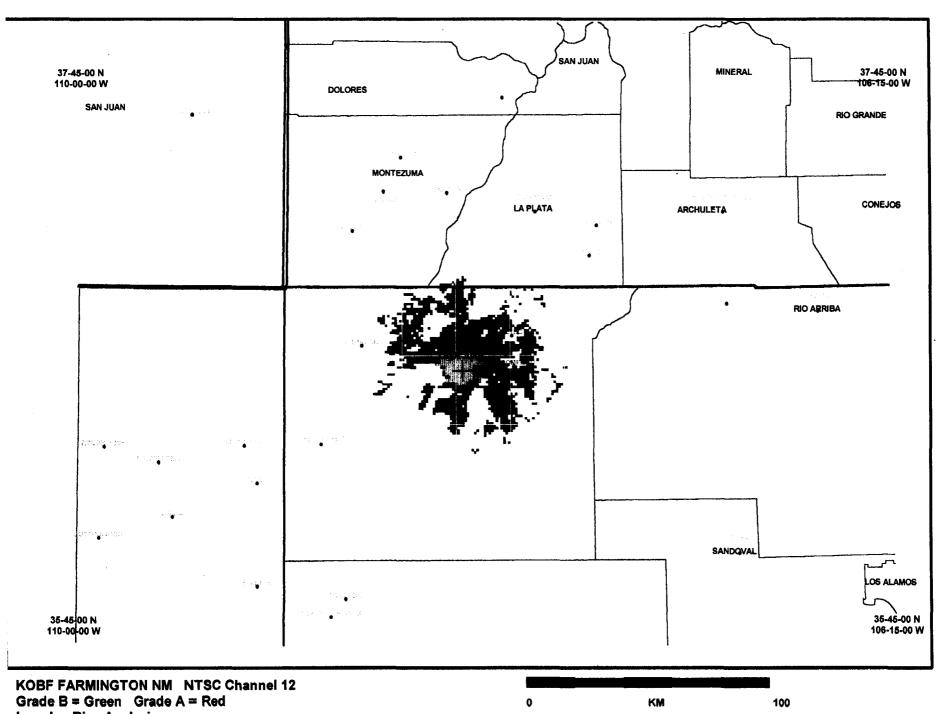
F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

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KBIM Channel 10 Roswell, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	196,592	61,861	169,953	42,184
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	15,146	8,166	30	905

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability (50%), Confidence (50%)

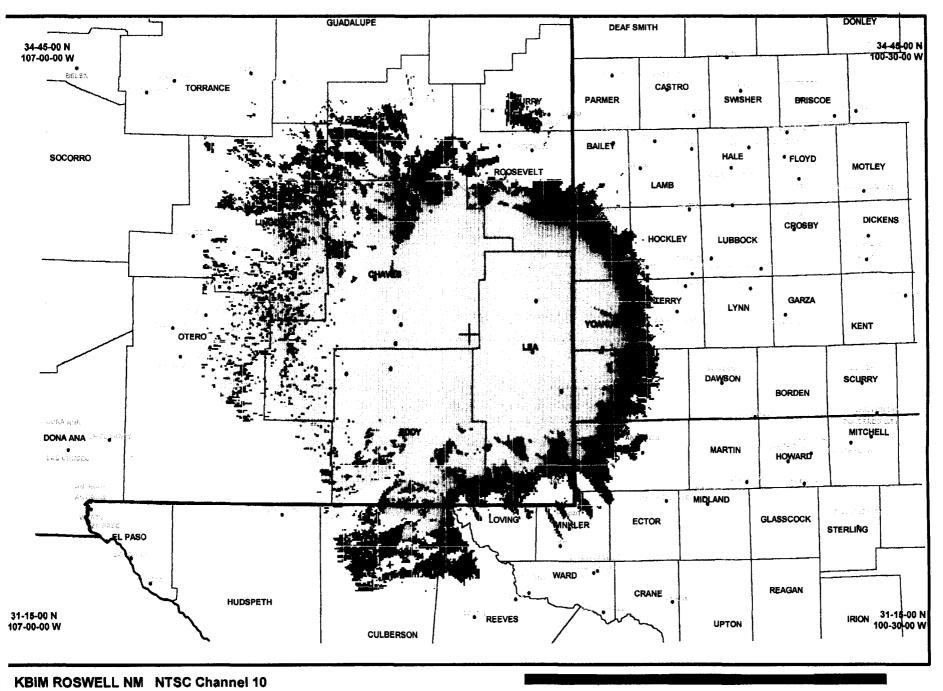
F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

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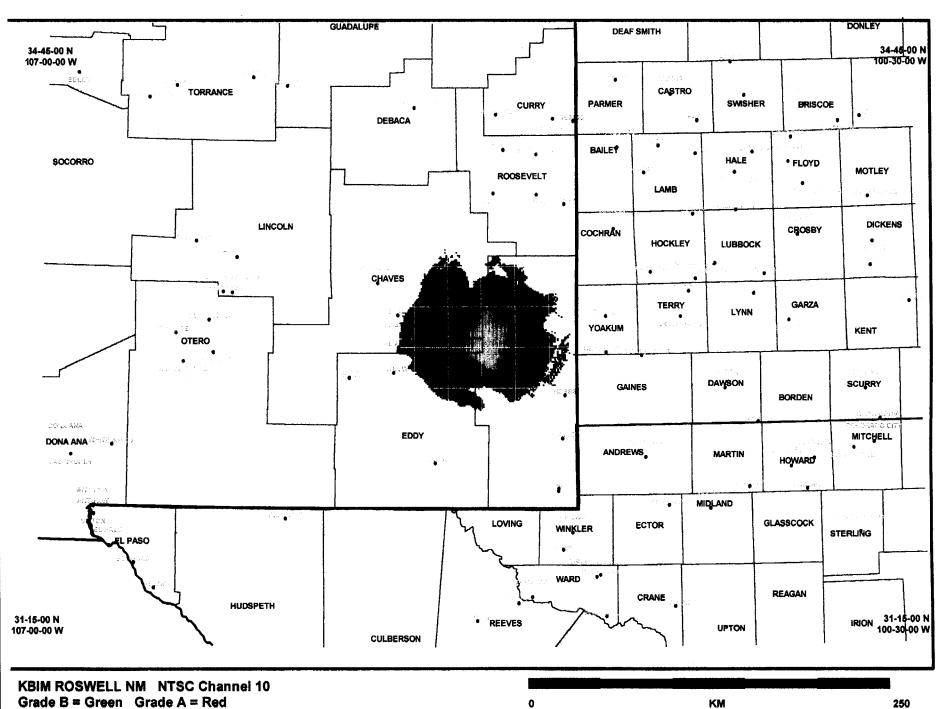
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KBIM ROSWELL NM NTSC Channel 10

Grade B = Green Grade A = Red

Longley-Rice Analysis

L = 99%, T = 99%, C = 99%

Prepared for New Mexico Broadcasters

Prepared by TechWare, Inc. Chantilly, VA 703-222-5842

KOBR Channel 8 Roswell, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	227,834	60,387	113,420	37,515
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	1,451	6,978	43	767

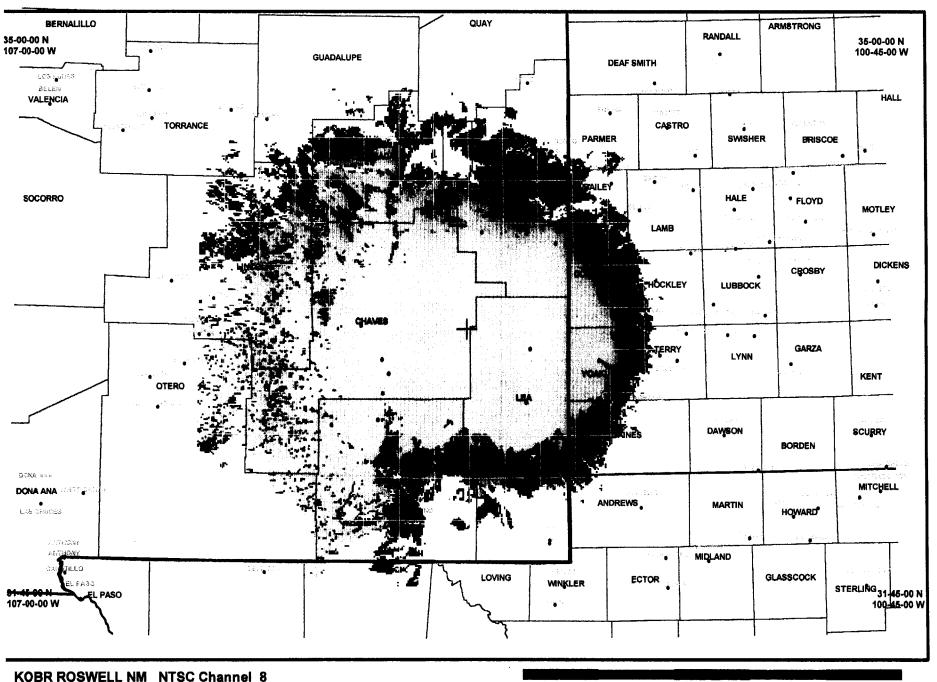
F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability(50%), Confidence (50%)

F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability(99%), Confidence (99%)

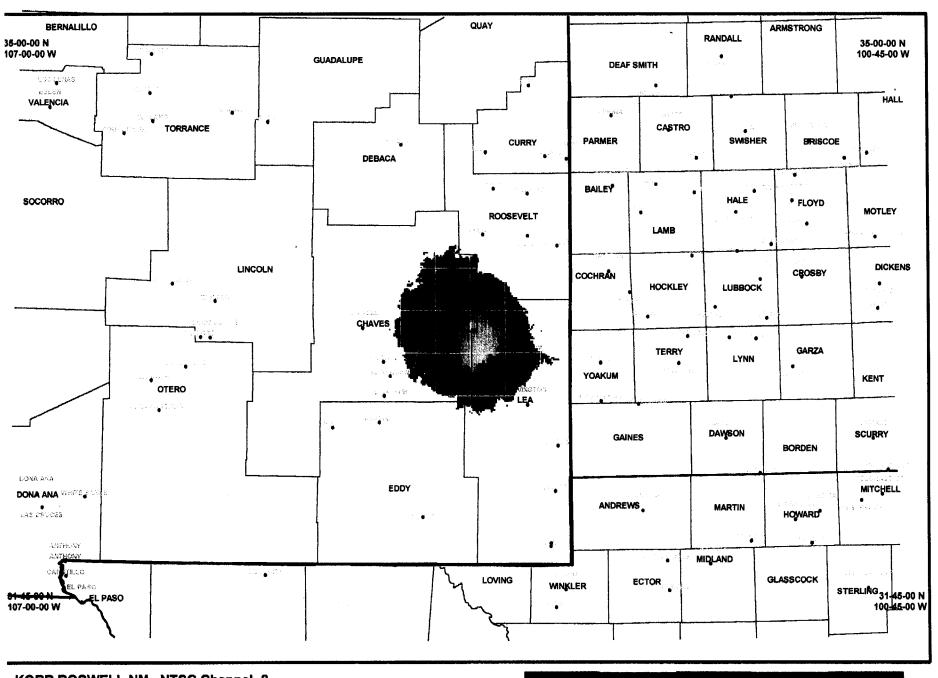
Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

Prepared by:

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KOBR ROSWELL NM NTSC Channel 8
Grade B = Green Grade A = Red
Longley-Rice Analysis
L = 99%, T = 99%, C = 99%
Prepared for New Mexico Broadcasters
Prepared by TechWare, Inc. Chantilly, VA 703-222-5842

KASA Channel 2 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	813,284	80,416	735,616	36,692
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	529,529	3,906	417	58

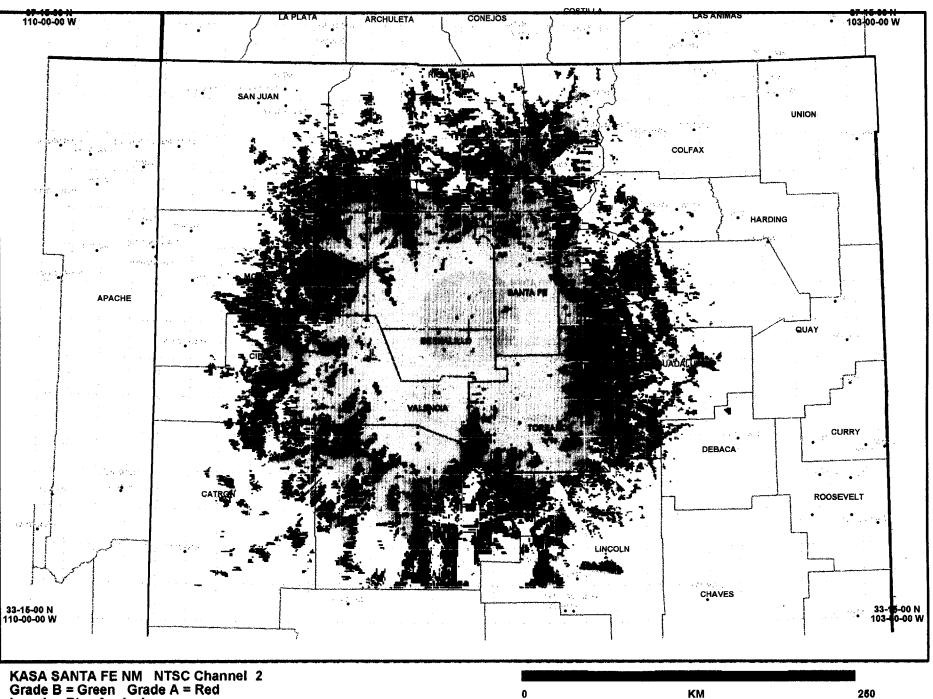
F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability(50%), Confidence (50%)

F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability (99%), Confidence (99%)

Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

Prepared by: TechWare, Inc.

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KOVT Channel 10 Silver City, New Mexico

Longley-Rice Analysis

SERVICE	F(50/50/50) (Grade B)		F(50/50/50) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	45,098	17,678	41,036	9,501
	F(99/99/99) (Grade B)		F(99/99/99) (Grade A)	
	Population	Area (Square km)	Population	Area (Square km)
Limited by Terrain	2,963	167	183	26

F(50/50/50) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (50%), Time Variability(50%), Confidence (50%)

F(99/99/99) - Longley-Rice Location Variability (99%), Time Variability (99%), Confidence (99%)

Prepared for: New Mexico Broadcasters December 1, 1998

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